THE British Columbian.

No. 3, Vol. 1. NEW WESTMINSTER, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1861. Price 1s. or 25 cts.

A MEMORIAL,

From the British Columbian Convention to the Imperial Government.

To His Grace the Duke of Newcastle &c., &c., &c., &c., Her Majesty's principal Secretary of State for the Colonies.

The Memorial of the undersigned British subjects, elected from various districts as delegates to a convention at New Westminster, British Columbia, humbly sheweth:

That a Memorial from the inhabitants of this colony was forwarded to your Grace through His Excellency Governor Douglas on 23rd May, 1860, bringing before your Grace's notice the desire of the people of this colony for a resident Governor and officials, and for a Representative Government, and no reply having been received, it was recently resolved by this people to call a convention for the purpose of once more bringing these matters before the attention of Her Majesty's Government.

We, therefore, the delegates to the aforesaid convention, humbly beg to call your Grace's attention to the dissatisfaction still felt by the people of this colony on account of the non-residence of the Governor, Colonial Secretary, and Attorney General, and believing that the people of this colony are fully capable of administering their own affairs, and are justly entitled to the same rights and privileges as are enjoyed by British subjects in all Her Majesty's dominions on this continent, save this.

We beg that your Grace will lay before the Throne of Her Most Gracious Majesty the sincere expression of loyalty and reverence towards Her person and authority felt by Her subjects in this colony, and their prayer that she will be graciously pleased to grant them as soon as expedient what in their opinion is absolutely essential to the progress and prosperity of this colony, viz.

A Resident Governor whose interests, instead of being connected with any rival, will be thoroughly identified with the interests of this colony.

A Representative Government similar to those existing in Australia and the Eastern British North American colonies. The number of British subjects in this colony possessed of the necessary talents and experience, being we believe sufficient to entitle them to the privileges of Legislation and Self Government.

In justification of our request we would respectfully call your Grace's attention to some of the causes of our dissatisfaction.

Our present Governor being also Governor of Vancouver Island, is incapable of properly fostering the progress of both colonies, he resides constantly at Victoria making only flying visits to this colony. The colonial Secretary and Attorney General also reside permanently in Victoria to the great inconvenience of parties having any business with them; and a tax of one dollar head money being charged on every individual arriving in this colony, all parties resident here having business in Vancouver Island, whether private, or connected with Government affairs are subjected to this tax on returning from each trip. Every exertion is apparently made to stimulate the progress of Vancouver Island at the expense of British Columbia. As an instance we beg to call your Grace's attention to the obstacles thrown in the way of shipbuilding, which important branch of industry would ere now have become of much importance to the colony but for the enormous restrictions imposed upon it. Seven steamers intended for the navigation of Fraser river, and mostly owned in this colony, have been built in Victoria at the cost of about £50,000. Several of them would have been built in British Columbia, (in fact, some of the timber used for knees &c., were shipped thence to Victoria) the timber from our neighboring forests could have been furnished as cheap as in Victoria, but the Governor having been applied to on the subject refused to remit the duty of ten per cent. on the machinery, rope, iron, and other materials for their construction necessary to be imported. And as a natural result the shipbuilding trade has been entirely banished to Vancouver Island, while the steamers built there for the navigation of our waters are afterwards admitted into this colony free of duty. Nor is any encouragement given to our foreign trade; on the contrary every effort is used to retard it and force us to depend on Vancouver Island. The surveys made by Capt. Richards of H. M. S. S. Plumper have shown the practicability of large vessels crossing the bar of Fraser river, but though the Governor has been urged to have a lightship stationed at the entrance, no attention has been paid to this essential point.

The Tariff on imports we consider oppressive in many instances, especially on the absolute necessaries of life, and on grain required for the use of pack animals. The various other taxes subsequently charged on goods before reaching their destinations, rendering the cost of living very great in the more distant mining regions, and throwing the greater portion of the expense of maintaining the Government and making roads to the mines on the miners, while capitalists, owning town lots, from which they derive handsome incomes, and tracts of land are exempt from taxation.

A tax of 12s per ton is charged on all goods leaving New Westminster, nominally for the purpose of improving river navigation, but we have no evidence of its being applied to that purpose, and a further tax of one shilling for every fifty pounds is charged on all goods leaving the towns of Douglas, Hope, and Yale; this tax is supposed to be applied to making roads, but it is charged to boats navigating Fraser river above Yale and deriving no possible benefit therefrom.

The cost of making roads through a mountainous country is necessarily very great, and by the present system it is all defrayed by the hardy pioneers who are devoting their energies towards developing the resources of the colony whereas if we possessed a Representative Government capable of negociating loans on the security of the colony, the cost of works benefiting future immigrants to an equal or greater extent than the present population, would not be defrayed out of the current revenue, but be extended over a series of years. In some instances large sums of money have been injudiciously squandered, and contracts for roads have been given without any public notice, which have subsequently been sub-let by the contractors at much lower rates.

The administration of the public lands has been very faulty. Immigrants arriving with the intention of becoming permanent residents have experienced much delay and inconvenience in locating claims, while the most available spots (on some of which settlers have been debarred from locating on the ground of their being Government reserves) are claimed by parties connected in various ways with the colonial Government, who have made but few improvements, and cannot be regarded as *bona fide* settlers. There is no Registry office for the record of Transfers and Mortgages, thus opening a fruitful field for fraud and future litigation.

In conclusion, we beg to call your Grace's attention to the fact that the revenue of this colony for the year 1860, in the levying and expenditure of which the people have had no voice, amounted to over £53,000, while the population exclusive of Indians may be estimated at 7000, who are thus compelled to pay about £7 10s each per annum. This heavy taxation, greater we believe than in any other portion of the British Empire, operates most detrimentally to the advancement of a new colony, especially where, as in British Columbia, so many hardships must be endured and natural obstacles overcome.

Being fully aware that Her Majesty's Government feels a lively interest in the progress and welfare of this colony, and is desirous of granting popular institutions at an early period, as evinced in the despatch from your Grace's predecessor to His Excellency Governor Douglas under date 14th August 1858, we trust that you will give this matter your early and favorable consideration.

And your memorialists as in duty bound will ever pray.

New Westminster Feb. 20th, 1861.

A MEMORIAL,

From the British Columbian Convention to His Excellency Governor Douglas.

To His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, C. B., Governor of British Columbia &c., &c., &c.

SIR, We the undersigned members of a Convention elected by the people of British Columbia with the object of endeavoring to obtain Representative institutions and a Governor permanently resident in the colony, beg respectfully to address your Excellency on this subject.

We are of opinion that the time contemplated by Her Majesty in the act creating and organizing the colony of British Columbia when it should be entitled to be placed on the same footing as other British colonies, and be entrusted with the means of its own self government, has now arrived. Our British population contains we believe sufficient men of talent and common sense from whom Legislators could be elected, and we would therefore respectfully request that Your Excellency will, if the power has been conferred on you, take such steps as may be expedient for the consummation of an object so much desired by the people of this colony.

MISCELLANEOUS.

INDIAN MURDERS.—The Portland *Advertiser* learns that two men have been recently murdered by Indians near Fort Simcoe, Oregon.

AN English woman is in the prime of her attractions at 35, while an American woman has usually begun to fade just ten years younger. Reason: An English woman takes air and exercise; an American ditto takes *airs* and no exercise.

HOW TO IMPROVE BROWN SOUP.—'Good gracious waiter, said Jack, 'take this to the landlady, with my compliments, and say, if she has no objection, you'll drive the chickens through it again.'

A 'BELL' SOMEWHERE.—A western paper says:—'A cow was struck by lightning and instantly killed, belonging to a physician, who had a beautiful calf four years old.'

INVETERATE PUNCTUALITY.—A niece of Dr. Chalmers was visiting at his house. The Doctor was very punctual as to the time for prayers and breakfast—the niece incorrigible. Later by a little each day, and all excuses exhausted, she came down one morning, and met the Doctor's stern look with a very serious face. 'Oh uncle I have had an awful dream.' 'Have you?' 'I dreamed that you were dead.' 'Indeed.' 'Yes, and I saw you laid out in your coffin. It was the day of your burial and the time appointed was twelve o'clock. I saw the lid screwed on. It was just past the hour, when a slight sound seemed to come from the coffin. We listened, and there was a gentle tapping inside upon the lid. We listened closer, and a voice—it was your's uncle—said, "It's choppit twal, and ye're no littin yet."'

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840.

CAPITAL,.....$5,000,000

VICTORIA BRANCH.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS received in sums of $100 and upwards, re-payable on demand. Charge for safe keeping, ONE-QUARTER OF ONE PER CENT. per month.

GOLD DUST received for safe keeping, at the rate of FIVE CENTS PER OZ. per month.

DRAFTS ISSUED ON LONDON 60 days after Sight, at the rate of $4 95 per £1, stg.

3 days after sight (in sums of £50, and upwards) $5, per £1 stg.

3 days after sight (in sums under £50) $5 10, per £1, sterling.

DRAFTS on demand or at short sight, issued on the principal Cities and Towns in Scotland and Ireland, at the rate of $5 15 per £1 stg.

DRAFTS on the principal Cities in the North American Provinces, at 3 days, as follows:—

Canada.....¼ per cent. premium.
New Brunswick.....¼ " "
Nova Scotia.....½ " "

DRAFTS on New York, at 3 days, 3 per cent. prem. am.
" " Messrs. B. Davidson & May, San Francisco at sight—par.

Office hours 10 A. M., to 3 P. M.—Saturday 10 to 1 o'clock.

F. W. WOOD,
MANAGER.

Victoria, March 17, 1860. tc

KEATINGS' COUGH LOZENGES.

A SAFE and certain remedy for coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other affections of the throat and chest. In incipient Consumption, Asthma, &c., they are unfailing. Being free from any hurtful ingredient, they may be taken by the most delicate female or the youngest child.

The following is an extract from a letter received from New Zealand.

'Auckland, N. Z., Nov. 19, 1858.

* * A lady to whom I gave some of your invaluable Cough Lozenges, and likewise several members of her family, who were troubled with severe coughs and colds, (especially the youngest child, who had a hard croupy cough) have experienced great relief, and speak of them in the highest terms. One of my children, too, who was troubled in a like manner, has taken them with the greatest advantage. On account of their pleasant taste, children will readily take them, when they will not take other medicines. I may add that the lady above referred to, informed me that she had frequently purchased them, when residing in India, of Messrs. Treacher & Co., Bombay.'

Prepared and sold in boxes and tins of various sizes, by Thomas Keating, Chemist, 79, St Paul's Chuch-yard London, Retailed by all Druggists and Patent Medicine vendors, in the world.

N. B.—To prevent spurious imitations, please to observe that the words "KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES," are engraven on the government stamp of each box, without which none are genuine.

Agent for Vancouver Island, A. M. SEARBY.

jan19-3m Victoria.

DR. ROSENBAUM'S STOMACH BITTERS!

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation Loss of Appetite or any Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid action of the Stomach or Bowels.

All of these diseases you will soon be relieved of, by use of these Bitters, as per directions on the Bottles. This great anti-dyspeptic is the result of profound and elaborate study of one of the most celebrated physicians of the present century, in the accomplishment of which he has spent both time and money. We do not hesitate to affirm that where Dr. Rosenbaum's Stomach Bitters are used, a case of Fever and Ague cannot occur. It has been analyzed by the most scientific chemists in the Medical Faculty, and is now prescribed by nine-tenths of the Physicians of the land. Try them—test them—on your constitution, and go your way rejoicing.

Are you dyspeptic?—take these Stomach Bitters.

Are you bilious?—try one of these bottles and be relieved at once.

Are you annoyed by indigestion or constipation?—remove the cause by a free use of the Bitters.

Have you fever and ague?—cure and prevent this destroying disease by the free use of these Bitters.

The superiority of these Bitters has induced many to put up a spurious article. To prevent deception in future, each cork will be branded, "N. B. Jacobs & Co." And the labels will bear our own signature, without which, none are genuine.

CAUTION.—Consumers of Rosenbaum's Bitters are cautioned against the many counterfeits now afloat in the market, and especially against a cheap and worthless article called Rosenschi's Bitters, put up in this by Messrs. Turner Bro.'s, with the avowed intention of preying on the well-earned reputation of Rosenbaum's Bitters, as a remedial agent in all cases of Dyspepsia and similar diseases. The genuine Rosenbaum has our name branded on each cork, and our signature on each label.

N. B. JACOBS & Co., Proprietors
Sansome st., corner Commercial.

m21-6m

JONAS G. CLARK & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE AND BEDDING,

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49 and 51 Fourth street, between J. and K. streets, Sacramento.

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And First street, San Jose. je20-3m

ASTONISHING REMEDY!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

It Expels Disease!

It is said that all productions of human skill have their day, and are superseded by new inventions or discoveries. Not so with this remedy. "It is not for a day, but for all time, and in all countries." And Why? Because it strikes at the generic root of all diseases in the blood, and medical art can accomplish nothing beyond that. The Ointment, penetrating through flesh and fibre, like water through a porous substance, reaches the germ or disease, such as scrofula, erysipelas, cancer, tumor, and all eruptive and ulcerous discharges in the circulation, and eradicates the taint at once and forever in this climate.

Bad Legs.

This Ointment will cure any case of Bad Leg even if of twenty years standing, or however hard or discolored the flesh may be, or if swollen the size of a person's body, provided the Ointment is well rubbed into the whole of the parts affected twice a day in large quantities, and the parts kept covered with linen rags thickly spread with the Ointment; from this mode of treatment, a plentiful discharge of unhealthy humor will follow, until the wounds are all healed on the leg, or other parts assume their natural appearance.

Old Wounds, Sores, and Ulcers.

The most inveterate cases of bad legs, scrofulous, or other sores, are cured, if of 20 years standing, by the joint use of the Ointment and Pills. The effect of this unrivalled remedy upon virulent ulcers and sores, is almost miraculous. It first discharges the poison which produces suppuration and proud flesh, and thus the cures which its healing properties afterwards complete, are safe as well as permanent. It has a wonderful effect in the cure of sores occasioned by mosquetos, sandflies, or giggers.

Piles.

This Ointment will cure the worst cases of Piles if used according to the printed directions even if of 20 years standing.

Eruptions on the Skin.

Blotches, pimples, dry eruptions, and all irritations of the skin, fade and disappear after a few applications of Holloway's Ointment. In these cases brisk friction is indispensable. Many of the ordinary eruptions are caused by suppressed perspiration, and as this penetrating unguent at once opens the pores, and invigorates the absorbents, it dissipates the inflammation by a double process. Ladies whose faces or arms are disfigured by cutaneous diseases, may readily remove the blemish and restore to the skin its natural tint, flexibility, and softness, by the use of this safe but powerful counter-irritant.

King's Evil, Fever Sores.

In cases of King's Evil where medicinal waters, lotions, and every recipe of pharmacopœia have proved useless, the Ointment will accomplish a thorough cure. Fever sores heal quickly under its influence, and its relaxing effect upon contracted sinews is truly wonderful.

Rheumatism, Scrofula, Erysipelas.

These are among the mostterrible and agonizing diseases, yet in their worst forms, and when seemingly incurable, they invariably disappear under a persevering application of this soothing, healing antidote to pain and inflammation.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs.	Contracted and Stiff Joints.	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Elephantiasis.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Fistulas.	Sore-throats.
Bunions.	Gout.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquetoes and Sand-Flies.	Glandular Swellings.	Scurvy.
Coco-bay.	Lumbago.	Sore-heads.
Chiego-foot.	Piles.	Tumors.
Corns (soft).	Rheumatism.	Ulcers.
Cancers.		Wounds.
		Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilised world.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

CURTIS & MOORE, Agents,
Yates-street, Victoria, V. I.

VICTORIA PRICES CURRENT AND SHIPPING LIST.

PUBLISHED every fortnight in time for the California Mail Steamer. The prices Current contains the correct and authentic rates and prices of all descriptions of articles in the Victoria market, as well as reliable reports of the state of trade, shipping, &c. It is as invaluable as an index and commercial authority to every merchant and tradesman as it is a desirable medium for advertising. Printed for A. F. MAIN at the office of the V. I. *Gazette*, Victoria.

CALEDONIA BRIDGE END IRON WORKS, VICTORIA.

DOUGALL & SON, Iron and Brass Founders, practical Engineers, Draughtsmen, &c. Machinery of every description made to order.

Agent in British Columbia, Mr. W. Winnard, Langley.

March 21, 1860. 3m

PACIFIC FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

FIRST-STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

We continue to manufacture, at the above well known establishment,

Steam Engines,
Quartz,
Flour,
Saw Mill,

and other machinery, of every description, and Iron and Brass Castings of all kinds.

From the long experience we have had, and the superior tools and machinery, and the very large collection of patterns at our command, we feel confident that our facilities for turning out the best style of work, with dispatch, and at lowest rates, are not surpassed on the Pacific coast.

Russia Iron Screens for Quartz Mills, made at short notice. Orders for all kinds of work will receive prompt attention.

GODDARD HANSCOM, & RANKIN,
Late GODDARD & Co.

je20-6m

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(SUCCESSOR TO O'MEARA & PAINTER)

THANKFUL for the past favors shown the late firm would respectfully inform Printers that owing to increased facilities, and recent instructions from the Foundry, he is now prepared to sell Plain and Ornamentel Type, Presses, Printing Material, Paper, Cards and Printers' Stock generally, 132, Clay-street, near Sansome, San Francisco.

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FINE OLD WINES, BRANDIES, & SPIRITS,

Johnson street, opposite Wharf street,

Is in constant receipt, by every arrival, of new and fresh goods belonging to the trade, in bulk and cases.

Traders, dealers, and Proprietors of Bars, are invited to call and examine my stock, where they will find a most complete and full assortment of everythin comprised in the Liquor line, and at the lowest prices.

SUPERIOR CALIFORNIA WINE,

a very choice, light, and pure wine for family use, in cases and packages. Its purity can be depended upon, and is worthy the attention of all connoisseurs.

je20-1m

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F. TILMAN,

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SOLE AGENT for Tilton & McFarland's celebrated Fire-proof and Burglar Safes. This safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these safes have been subjected to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; It requires the key and combination to open the safe. If the key should be abstracted from the owner, it would be perfectly useles to the possessor without his knowledge of the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head.

To those in want of a reliable safe we offer the above cheaper than any other in the the market.

A large assortment on hand and to arrive.

F. TILMAN.
90 Battery st., San Francisco.

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AGENTS,
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LONDON, ENGLAND,

BEG to call the attention of readers of English newspapers in Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and California to the advantage of subscribing to the "Evening Mail" newspaper, which is a reprint published three times a week, of all the leading articles, essays, correspondents' letters, and news of "The Times" London newspaper, everything but the advertisements, and can be sent *post free* to all parts of Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and California, via the United States, for £1 1s per quarter, or £4 per annum, paid in advance; thus being "The Times" at HALF PRICE.

Subscriptions received at the office of the "New Westminster Times," New Westminster, British Columbia. m2-1y

HENDERSON & BURNABY

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, ex Armistice, from London:

Superior Pale Sherry, in bulk;
Port Wine, choice, in cases;
Hennessy's Brandy } in cases;
McKenzie's Small Still Whiskey }
Vine Growers' Brandy, in bulk;
Tanqueray's Ginger Brandy, in cases;
&c., &c., &c.,

which they offer for sale on the most reasonable terms

June 13th, 1860. tc

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Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,
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m21-3m

THE BLESSING OF HEALTH

BY

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Why are Diseases so Fatal in Tropical Climates?

Merely because we prescribe for their effect, instead of their cause, and try to relieve symptoms instead of triking at their root. The action of these Pills is precisely the reverse. They expel from the secretive organs and the circulation the morbid matter which produces inflammation, pain, fever, debility, and physical decay; and the basis of disease being removed, its manifestations vanish. While ordinary remedies only afford a temporary respite to the sufferer, whereas these Pills annihilate the disorder.

Ill Health in Hot Countries.

Frequently arises from nervous disorders affecting the action of the heart and deranging the whole animal economy; these fine Pills will restore the nervous system however deranged, and bring back health and spirits when all other medicine has failed.

Bilious and Liver Complaints.

Frequently lead to the worst phases of human suffering, yet how many in the East and West Indies, and most of our Foreign Possessions, are thus afflicted, unknowing the means of cure placed within their grasp; such should take a few boxes of these Pills according to the directions given in the books, and their ailments will quickly leave them.

Dropsical Swellings and Turn of Life.

This is a most disastrous period in woman's history, it destroys thousands, the whole of the gross humors collect together, and like a tide sweep away health and life itself, if not timely and powerfully checked. The most certain remedy for all these dangerous symptoms is Holloway's Pills. Armed with this great antidote, the fiery ordeal is passed through, and the sufferer is once more restored to the possession of unimpaired health. These Pills are equally efficacious in all female complaints, and obstructions at the dawn of womanhood.

Stomach and Liver Complaints.

These are complaints of the million, particularly of those in warm latitudes; few escape them; and, if neglected, they lead to innumerable dangerous maladies But why neglect them when Holloway's Pills will eradicate them as certainly as water extinguishes fire? They relieve the bowels, purify the fluids, and invigorate the system and the constitution at the same time. They are admitted by virtue of special decrees into the dominions of despotism, and thus have become a great household remedy.

Dysentery and Bowel Complaints.

These famous Pills should be taken once or twice a week by all classes in this part of the world, by which means, none need fear the attacks of these direful scourges.

A Word to Females.

The local debility and irregularities which are the special annoyance of the weaker sex, and which, when neglected, always shortens life, are relieved for the time being and prevented for the time to come, by a course of this mild but thorough alterative.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Bilious Complaints	Erysipelas	Stone and Gravel
Blotches on the skin	Female Irregularities	Liver Complaints
Bowel Complaints	Fevers of all kinds	Lumbago
Colics	Fits	Piles
Constipation of the Bowels	Gout	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Head-ache	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Indigestion	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Inflammation	Secondary Sympt
Dysentery	Tumours	Tic Douloureux
Venereal Affections	Worms of all kinds	Ulcers
		Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London. also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

CURTIS & MOORE, Agents, Yates-st., Victoria.

TRUETT, JONES, & ARRINGTON,

60, FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,

WHOLESALE DEALERS and Importers of Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Wines, Cordials, Syrups, and every article in his line.

Dealers who may favor us with orders, may rest assured that we will endeavor to give satisfaction in the article, and dispatch in forwarding. n19-tc

QUINCY HALL, SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Largest CLOTHING Establishment In the Union!
Prices fixed at New-York Rates, Goods Custom Made.
Known Throughont the State as Unrivalled in this line.
Established in the Pioneer Days of California.
And now Occupying the Largest Salesroom in San Francisco.
Strangers visiting the city will find this one of the
FEATURES OF THE PLACE,
And the Only Clothing Mart at Atlantic Prices.
ITS CUSTOMERS, San Diago to Shasta,
Send their orders to this FAMOUS EMPORIUM.

The direction is QUINCY HALL, Nos. 147, 149 and 151, Washington Street, Montgomery Block, San Francisco.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

GOVERNMENT ASSAY OFFICE.

Assays are made with the utmost despatch.

Office open from 10, a. m., to 4, p. m., except on steamer days, when deposits will be received for assay at 8, a. m.

W. DRISCOL GOSSET.

New Westminster, Aug. 1, 1860.

THE ELDORADO SALOON.

COLUMBIA-STREET NEW WESTMINSTER.

THE above Saloon has been re-opened by P. Manetta, who respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. The best wines and liqueurs are constantly kept, and the Billiard tables of the saloon are unsurpassed anywhere. no24 3-m

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

This journal is published every Thursday morning at the office, Columbia-street, New Westminster. Single copy, price 1s., or 25 cents. Terms per quarter, 10s., or $2.50; half-yearly, 18s., or $4.50, and yearly £1 16s., or $7.50.

☞ Copies of this paper can be had at the book store of Mr. S. T. Tilley, Columbia-street.

☞ Clergymen will be served with this Journal at one-half the above rates.

Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid for each month in advance.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—We would call the attention of business men, especially Houses in Victoria, Portland, and San Francisco, desirous of cultivating a British Columbian trade, to the fact that we have made arrangements with BALLOU by which the BRITISH COLUMBIAN will have a large and general circulation throughout this entire Colony, and consequently will afford an excellent medium for advertising.

JOB PRINTING,

Of every Description,

COMPRISING

Books, Bill Heads,

Pamphlets, Cards,

Posters, Circulars,

Handbills,

Labels, &c., &c.,

Executed at the most moderate charges, in the neatest manner, and with the utmost dispatch,

At the Office of the

BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

DIVINE SERVICE is held in the Wesleyan Church Mary-street, New Westminster, every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m., and 6½ o'clock p. m. Sabbath School at 2 o,clock in the afternoon.

The first five pews on the south side are reserved for the military at morning Service.

Strangers provided with seats.

E. WHITE,
Residence, corner of Prevost and Mary-streets, near the Church. Pastor.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH NEW WESTMINSTER.—Divine Service on Sundays at 11 a. m., and in the evening at 6½ p. m. During Lent there will be Prayer and a Sermon on Friday evenings at 7 p. m. Subjects of the discourses—the repentance of Esau, of David, of St. Peter, of St. Paul, of Judas. Good Friday, morning and evening. Confirmation classes on Sundays and week days.

J. SHEEPSHANKS, M. A., Rector.
C. KNIPE, M. A.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, THURSDAY, FEB'Y 28.

THE SAND HEADS AGAIN.

Seven buoys constructed under the superintendance of our Harbor Master Captain Cooper, have been lying here for some time awaiting the arrival of one of H. M. Gunboats to lay them down on the Sand Heads at the mouth of the Fraser.

It will be gratifying under any circumstances to see one of the two Gunboats which were, we believe, sent to this country for the special use of this Colony; but we would hail her presence at this port with far more satisfaction had her object been to tow down to the Sand Heads a staunch little Light-vessel.

We take this opportunity of drawing the attention of His Excellency Governor Douglas to the following points:—While we by no means deprecate the use of those anchor buoys, we consider that those placed on the outside Sand Heads are comparatively of little value, for the nature of the sand is such, being exposed to the winter gales of the Gulf and the summer freshets, we consider it almost impossible for them to stand for any time that would warrant the continued outlay required to replace them.

The people of this Colony demand from our Executive what they deem one of the most essential things to benefit those who have invested their all in the success of this port, and on which they consider so much depends. A lightship in the channel at the sand heads is of the greatest importance, and while our Exchequer is far from empty the public money could not be better spent than by immediately authorizing the outlay for that purpose.

First we learn from all practical men that sailing vessels bound to New Westminster while in the Gulf of Georgia could always obtain an anchorage even in thick weather by signalling on board so as to indicate the exact whereabouts of a safe anchorage.

Secondly, steamers that may have been detained by stress of weather or other circumstances, could, in like manner, be at least some two or three hours nearer their destination, which is no small consideration with a full cargo and a large number of passengers.

Thirdly, a lightship would be a boon to all vessels navigating the Gulf, and we are not so selfish as to deny the Victorians the benefit which all interested parties could not do otherwise than admit.

In addition to these advantages, the underwriters and insured would equally be benefitted, and we are in receipt of information that will demonstrate beyond future doubts the practicability of bringing a vessel of 1500 tons with safety to New Westminster.

We hope to see and believe the day is not far distant when the channel of the Sands at the mouth of the Fraser river will have not only one lightship but three or four in addition to a lighthouse on Garry Point, the lightship so placed that two lights in one will be a better mark, or at least as good during the night as the buoys are in day time; so that all classes of vessels would be able to navigate the channel at all seasons with perfect safety and without detention. In the meantime the lightship at the Sand heads we consider to be of the first importance to this Colony, and nothing short of it will satisfy the people. We sincerely trust His Excellency will see that we only ask what is positively required, and by his compliance with our demand he will dispel the impression that British Columbian interests are systematically sacrificed to those of Vancouver Island.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE Bee referred to in our last issue came off on Saturday, and although the weather was somewhat inclement, and consequently the ladies were not present, yet as regards the primary object of the gathering it was a decided success. At an early hour about one hundred of the Royal Engineers accompanied by their band marched to the field of battle. But it is due to them to state that they had the field almost entirely to themselves for some time, as but few citizens made their appearance for several hours. Owing to a press of business matters we did not get to the ground till near two o'clock, p m., upon entering which the scene that met our gaze was the most animating and pleasing one we have looked upon in this country. To see one hundred Royal Engineers including their officers, with nearly as many civilians, as busy as bees some cutting down trees, some grubbing out stumps, and others piling wood upon several enormous fires, kindled for the purpose of consuming the timber. It was pleasing indeed to witness the happy reunion of the military and the citizens; but especially to see the officers for the time laying aside all distinction, and heartily uniting with the men in the arduous, but praiseworthy employment of clearing the cricket ground. Shortly after two o'clock, His Excellency accompanied by Colonel Moody came upon the ground, and while the former was making himself agreeable to the people the latter was making himself useful by taking hold like a good fellow, and working amongst the men. While we would not overlook the fact that many of our citizens acquitted themselves nobly, from the clergy to the day-laborer, yet we must confess that our military friends carried off the palm, both in point of numbers, time, and execution. And when at 5 o'clock the victorious army retired to camp the field was literally covered with the slain. During the afternoon a subscription list on behalf of the Cricket Ground, was circulated, and being headed by His Excellency Governor Douglas, with $50, soon reached the very handsome sum of $550. In the evening Capt. Bullen of the steamer Hope kindly made it known that he would carry down from the camp all those who wished to go to the city to finish the day by a dance. Accordingly that steamer brought down a perfect crowd of men, women, and children, who adjourned to Mr. Hick's new Hall and enjoyed themselves till ten o'clock, when Capt. Bullen again placed his steamer at their service and took them to the camp. Thus closed the labors and amusements of a pleasant and exciting day. And while the handsome conduct of Captain Bullen deserves more than a passing notice, we would express a hope that we may have the pleasure of witnessing many a happy reunion and many a friendly contest upon our Cricket Ground. We trust it will be pushed through to completion, so as to be in good order by the birthday of our Gracious Queen—God bless her!

BALLOU ITEMS.—At Douglas the snow fell 12 inches in depth, on Saturday last. The river is lower than it has been before this winter, and the steamers have a great deal of trouble in consequence in getting up. Several trains have left Cayoosh for Alexander and Quesnelle, laden with general merchandise, and fears are entertained that many animals have perished. Several whisky-sellers have been arrested during the past week, in the vicinity of Sumas, Chiliowack, and Harrison river. This is as it should be, and steps should have been taken long before this to bring to justice the unprincipled whites who have been dealing in spirits with the Indians on this river for two years past, endangering the lives of travellers. The winds on Harrison lake have been very severe during the past week, rendering the lake almost impassable.

THE Nicholas River which empties into the Thompson, 40 miles from its confluence with the Fraser, is reported to be navigable for steamers a distance of 200 miles from its mouth, thus making steam navigation to within some 40 miles of the Forks of Quesnelle. This information, if correct, is very important, as it will shorten the distance to the Carriboo country, and reduce the land carriage to a few miles.

'GONE IN.'—We regret to learn that the bridge in course of construction across the Fraser at Bridge River, has given way, and, owing to the season being so far advanced, the enterprise cannot be resumed till next winter.

LADY FRANKLIN.—We learn that this lady arrived at Victoria last week, and has proceeded up the Sound. We are happy to find that she is likely to visit this colony shortly, when we can assure her of a most hearty welcome.

THE GOVERNOR'S REPLY.—The reply to the petition presented to the Governor by the Convention was verbal, and, in import, as follows:—'I have not the power to confer Representive Institutions upon this colony. I fully agree with the views expressed in this petition; but while I admit that certain portions of the colony have a sufficient permanent population and intelligence, I am also of opinion that there are other districts not yet prepared for such institutions.

YALE.—We regret that the remonstrance from the people of Yale in reference to the boat-tax, was unavoidably crowded out of our last issue. We are happy to learn, however, that his Excellency has put the matter complained of right.

HOGS AT LARGE.—We would call the attention of our Police Magistrate to the fact that a few days ago a child, while playing upon the street, was seized by the arm by one of these animals, and would, doubtless, have been severely lacerated but for the timely interference of one of our citizens.

COOL.—We understand that the building formerly occupied by the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for this colony, and belonging to British Columbia, has been handed over to the Vancouver Island committee for the Industrial Exhibition. Verily, these Victoria neighbors require watching.

A NEW BOOK by J. D. Pemberton, formerly Surveyor-general of Vancouver Island, entitled, 'Facts and Figures relating to Vancouver Island and British Columbia,' has been on our table for some time, but owing to a press of business matters we have not been able to notice it sooner, and as several articles and communications are crowded out of this issue we cannot enter into anything like a criticism of the work, but purpose doing so in our next.

OUR LEADER has been crowded out this week, but may improve by keeping over.

THE SCHR. H. C PAGE.—Captain Oberg is now discharging a cargo of bricks and lime for Harris & Co's Fire proof warehouse.

OVERLAND communication between California and British Columbia is now on the tapis here.

CRICKETERS NOTICE.—A general meeting of Cricketers, as well as those who desire to become such will take place in the Pioneer Theatre this (Thursday) evening at 7 o'clock for the transaction of important business.

YOUNG COLUMBIA.—There is in this city 40 children, one moiety of which are over, and the other under 5 years of age. 31 white, 8 Mulatto, and 1 colored.

EDUCATION.—We are gratified to learn that His Excellency Governor Douglas evinces a disposition to give the subject of education in this colony his serious consideration, and that he is disposed to aid the establishment of an inter-denominational public school in this city.

The Anniversary Ball advertised in our last came off on Friday evening, being the Anniversary of Washington's birthday. The attendance was large and respectable, and we understand there was general satisfaction. The Hall was most tastfully decorated, the Orchestra consisted of the R. E. Band, and the supper was excellent. Dr. Crane was voted to the Chair, and Mr. Ramage, Vice. The usual standing toasts having been given, the Chairman, in a very appropriate speech gave the toast of the evening—'The memory of George Washington,' which was drank in solemn silence—was replied to by Mr. George Williams in a very happy little speech.

WHEN we wrote a short paragraph a week ago in reference to the action taken in Victoria in the Industrial matter, we did not anticipate the honor of occupying nearly a column and a half in the *Colonist*. We have neither space nor disposition to return the compliment. But if our contemporary is *really* in ignorance as to the feeling of British Columbia upon this matter, we beg to request his perusal of a resolution passed by our Municipal Council, and also one passed at our Industrial meeting bearing upon the subject. If our contemporary had heard the speeches of several gaatlemen here, in reference to this matter, we fancy the scales would have fallen from his eyes.

THE steamer Otter arrived here last night at 6 o'clock with 137 tons of freight, mostly for the mines, and 62 passengers, amongst which we noiced quite a number of likely-looking returned miners

THE steamer 'E. Harris.' got up steam on Tuesday, for the purpose of making a trial trip, but owing to some derangement, she did not get under way.

NEWS FROM CHINA is satisfactory. The British are in possession of the capital of the Empire.

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.—We would call the attention of our readers to the proceedings of the meeting held in this city on Tuesday, found in another column. And in doing so we beg to express our earnest hope that *every man in the colony* will feel it his duty to assist in this most important undertaking.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD!—The above reward will be paid to any one who will inform the public who 'An occasional correspondent' of the *Liverpool Mercury* is, as we have just seen in the *British Colonist*, a most extraordinary extract from one of his letters.

THANKS.—To Mr. S. T. Tilley of this city, for a liberal supply of newspapers, magazines &c. And Mr. Ballou for sundry favors. Also to Hibben & Carswell for files of English and American papers.

CUSTOMS REVENUE.—The Customs revenue for the week ending Feb. 23rd were—Duties, £329 7 5; Harbor dues, £6 2 6; Head money, £10 16 0; Tonnage dues, £72 16 0. Warehouse Fees, £0 12 0; Total £419 13 11.

Municipal Council.

February 18th, 1861.

The council met pursuant to adjournment. Mr. Brown in the chair. The members present were Messrs. Holbrook, Brown, Cormack, and Manson.

A communication from His Excellency the Governor, transmitting a copy of a despatch from his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, acknowledging the receipt of the Address from the Municipal council to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, was received. Also a communication from the honorary secretary of a public meeting held in Victoria, inviting the co-operation of the inhabitants of British Columbia in joining in the great International Industrial Exhibition to be held in London in the year 1862.

Mr. Manson moved and Mr. Holbrook seconded that the clerk be instructed to write to the committee in Victoria in answer to their request, that as this council has already taken steps to initiate the movement of having this colony represented at the exhibition, they cannot respond to the invitation extended to them by the inhabitants of Victoria.

A communication from Leonard M'Clure, Esq., resigning the Presidency, and his seat in the council was read.

Specifications for grading Agnes-street east, commencing at Mary-street, and extending to Merivale street, were read and carried.

It was then moved, seconded, and carried that the President is hereby instructed to call a Public meeting of the inhabitants of this city and neighborhood, to take into consideration the most effectual mode of having the specimens of the natural and industrial products of the colony represented at the International Industrial Exhibition to be held in London in 1862, and he is further requested to invite the co-operation of Col. Moody, the officers, and the Royal Engineers, in the great object referred to.

It was moved, and seconded, and carried, that the clerk be instructed to write to the Governor requesting him to forward to the council the original letter from his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, in acknowledgement of the Address from this council to the Prince of Wales, during his tour through British North America, as it is deemed desirable to have the same framed and hung up in the council chamber.

Mr. Manson then moved, and Mr. Cormack seconded, that Mr. John Ramage be appointed President of the council. This motion was not put to the vote.

On motion the council then adjourned until twelve o'clock on Wednesday.

February, 20th, 1861.

The council met pursuant to adjournment. Members present: Messrs. Ramage, Cormack, and Manson.

As none of the other members made their appearance, the council adjourned until the regular meeting.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN CONVENTION.

New Westminster, Friday, Feb. 15th, 1861.

The first meeting of the British Columbian convention was held at the house of J. T. Scott, Esq., in New Westminster, at the hour of two o'clock p. m.

The meeting was organized by appointing J. A. R. Homer, Esq., to the chair and Valentine Hall, Esq., Honorary Secretary.

The following gentlemen then handed in their certificates of election for the undermentioned places, viz:—J. A. R. Homer, E. B. Holt, William Clarkson, William Holmes, J. T. Scott, for New Westminster; Donald Chisholm, J. Spencer Thompson, for Hope; Duncan Robertson, Thomas Cooper, for Douglas.

Mr. Robertson of Douglas having protested against the return of Mr. Cooper, that gentleman explained his position regarding the election at Douglas, when it was moved by Mr. Chisholm, seconded by Mr. Clarkson, and resolved, that Mr. Cooper's election be referred to a committee to be appointed by the chairman, and that said committee report to the convention as soon as practicable. carried.

The chairman then appointed Messrs. Clarkson, Holmes, and Chisholm, as a committee on the Douglas election.

Moved by Mr. Clarkson, seconded by Mr. Holmes, and resolved, that Messrs. Scott, Holt, and Thompson be appointed a committee to draft rules and regulations to govern this convention. carried.

Moved by Mr. Clarkson, seconded by Mr. Holt, that the convention adjourn until six o'clock p. m. carried.

The convention met at the hour of adjournment. Members all present.

The election committee reported that having examined all the evidence regarding the convention election at Douglas, had decided that Mr. Robertson was duly elected.

Moved by Mr. Holt, seconded by Mr. Scott, that the report of the election committee be received and adopted. carried.

Mr. Cooper then retired from the convention.

The committee appointed to bring in rules and regulations for the government of the convention presented their report, which was adopted.

Moved by Mr. Thompson, seconded by Mr. Holt, that a committee be appointed to draft a Memorial to Her Majesty praying for the immediate appointment of a resident Governor whose interests will be identified with those of this colony, and also to empower the Governor to grant us a Representative system of Government. carried.

Moved by Mr. Chisholm, seconded by Mr. Robertson, that the chairman appoint a committee to draft a memorial to Her Majesty, in accordance with the resolution. carried.

The chairman appointed Messrs. Chisholm, Robertson, and Scott.

Moved by Mr. Thompson, seconded by Mr. Holt, that a committee be appointed to draft a memorial to His Excellency Governor Douglas, requesting his co-operation in obtaining for us a Representative Government, if he is not already empowered to grant us this privilege. carried.

Moved by Mr. Clarkson, seconded by Mr. Holmes, and resolved, that the chairman, Messrs. Thompson, Holt, and Holmes, act as a committee to draft a memorial to His Excellency Governor Douglas in accordance with the resolution.

The convention then adjourned until half past six o'clock on the following day Saturday the 16th Feb. 1861.

The convention met pursuant to adjournment. Members present, the chairman, Mr. Homer, Messrs. Chisholm, Robertson, Clarkson, Scott, Holt, and Thompson.

Mr. Hall, Secretary to the convention being unwell, and having desired the convention to excuse his attendance, it was moved by Mr. Holt, seconded by Mr. Chisholm, and carried, that Mr. Thompson act as Secretary, *pro. tem.*

Moved by Mr. Chisholm, seconded by Mr. Robertson, that the committee appointed to draw up a memorial to His Excellency Governor Douglas now report. Mr. Thompson having read the memorial prepared by the committee. It was moved by Mr. Scott, seconded by Mr. Clarkson, that the memorial be accepted. carried.

The chairman having called on the Secretary of the committee who had been appointed to draft a petition to the Home Government; Mr. Chisholm, stated from the committee, that the important nature of such memorial requiring such mature deliberation, rendered it impossible for the committee to have it prepared for the meeting, the committee, therefore, were not prepared to report.

Moved by Mr. Clarkson, seconded by Mr. Holt, that this convention do now adjourn to meet again in this place at seven o'clock p. m. on Monday the 18th, inst.

Met Monday evening and adjourned till Tuesday at 7 p. m.

Met Tuesday evening in pursuance to adjournment. Present, the chairman, Mr. Homer, Messrs. Robertson, Thompson, Chisholm, Clarkson, and Scott.

Adjourned to Feb. 20th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Met on Wednesday Feb. 20th, at 10 a. m. Present, Mr. Homer, chairman, Messrs. Scott, Holt, Clarkson, Robertson, Chisholm, and Thompson.

The committee appointed to draft a memorial to Her Majesty's Government, having presented that document, it was read.

It was moved by Mr. Chisholm, seconded by Mr. Robertson, that the memorial now read be adopted.

Moved by Mr. Scott, seconded by Mr. Chisholm, and resolved, that two copies of the memorial to Her Majesty be forwarded to the Secretary for the colonies as early as possible; one through His Excellency Governor Douglas, and a duplicate copy by mail. Also one copy to be forwarded to A. Roebuck, Esq., M. P., for presentation to the House of Commons.

Moved by Mr. Chisholm, seconded by Mr. Clarkson, that the convention adjourn to Thursday at nine o'clock, a. m.

The convention met Thursday, Feb. 21st, at 9 a. m. Present, Mr. Homer, chairman, Messrs. Clarkson, Chisholm, Scott, Holmes, Thompson, Robertson and Holt.

Moved by Mr. Chisholm, seconded by Mr. Clarkson, that the Secretary address a note to His Excellency Governor Douglas, requesting him to name a time and place at which the members of the convention can have an interview.

Convention adjourned to 3 o'clock p. m.

The convention met on Thursday at 3 o'clock p. m. Members present, Mr. Homer, chairman, Messrs. Chisholm, Holmes, Holt, Scott, Clarkson, Thompson, and Robertson.

Minutes of all the previous meetings read and approved.

A communication from His Excellency the Governor read.

Moved by Mr. Scott, seconded by Mr. Holt, that a committee of three be appointed to wait on His Excellency the Governor to-morrow at the hour appointed, and that the committee consist of Messrs. Chisholm, Robertson, and Homer. carried.

Moved by Mr. Clarkson, seconded by Mr. Scott, that the convention adjourn until three o'clock to-morrow.

The convention met pursuant to adjournment on Friday Feb. 22nd, 1861. Members present, Mr. Homer, chairman, Messrs. Chisholm, Robertson, Clarkson, Scott, Holmes, and Holt.

Minutes read and approved.

It was moved by Mr. Chisholm, seconded by Mr. Robertson, and resolved, that the chairman is hereby directed to transmit the memorial of this convention, through His Excellency Governor Douglas to the Secretary of State for the colonies for presentation to Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, and that a duplicate copy thereof be forwarded by mail to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, and that another copy be forwarded to A. Roebuck, Esq., M. P. for presentation to the House of Commons. carried.

Moved by Mr. Chisholm, seconded by Mr. Clarkson, that the next meeting of the convention be held at Hope, subject to the call of the chairman. carried.

Moved by Mr. Holt, seconded by Mr. Holmes, that the chairman be instructed to correspond with the different towns and districts in the interior, requesting that they will elect delegates to be in readiness to meet the convention at the call of the chairman. carried.

A resolution was passed thanking Mr. V. Hall, Secretary, Mr. Homer, chairman, and Mr. Scott, for the use of his Theatre, after which it was moved by Mr. Holt, seconded by Mr. Robertson, that this convention now adjourn. carried.

INDUSTRIAL MEETING.

According to advertisement a public meeting of the inhabitants of New Westminster and vicinity was held in the court-house on Tuesday at 2 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of adopting measures to have this colony properly represented at the Industrial Exhibition in London, 1862. His Excellency Governor Douglas occupied the chair, Col. Moody the Vice-chair, and Mr. V. Hall acted as Secretary. After a few very appropriate remarks from the chair and Vice chair the meeting proceeded to pass the following resolutions:—

It was moved by Mr. Holbrook, seconded by Captain Cooper, that Col. Moody be elected Vice President.

It was then moved by Col. Moody, seconded by Mr. Holbrook, that Captain Gosset and Dr. Seddall be appointed Honorary Secretaries.

It was then moved by Mr. Cormack, seconded by Mr. Robson, and resolved, that the object of this meeting is to devise the best mode by which the mineral, agricultural, and other resources of British Columbia may be collected and transmitted to the Industrial Exhibition to be held in London in 1862.

Moved by Mr. Holbrook, seconded by Capt. Gosset, and resolved, that this colony declines any connexion whatever with Vancouver Island in the collection or transmission of articles for representing British Columbia at the forthcoming Exhibition to be held in London in 1862.

Moved by Captain Grant, and seconded by Mr. Homer, that in the event of circumstances preventing an Exhibition of all nations in England in 1861, that the material which may now be collected by British Columbia be exhibited in the crystal Palace at Sydenham.

Moved by Judge Begbie and seconded by Col. Moody,

1st. That in the opinion of this meeting a general committee ought to be appointed by the whole colony to carry out and promote the objects of this meeting.

2nd. That such committee would conveniently consist of the aggregate of the local committees.

3rd. That New Westminster now choose such persons as shall be thought fit for a local committee, with power to add to their numbers.

4th. That each town be invited to appoint its own local committee, with Vice-President and honorary Secretaries.

5th. That in the opinion of this meeting, an executive committee ought to be formed by the whole colony for carrying out the objects of the meeting.

6th. That each town be invited to select members of executive committees.

Moved by Mr. Robson and seconded by Mr. Ramage, that the following gentlemen be requested to act as a committee for New Westminster, with power to add to their numbers, viz:—Colonel Moody, Captain Grant, Captain Gosset, Mr. Justice Begbie, Messrs. Homer, Holbrook, Hamley, Scott, Cormack, Clarkson, Armstrong, senr, Keanedey, and Captains Parson, and Luard, Dr. Seddal, and Lieut. Palmer.

Moved by Capt. Gosset seconded by Mr. Holbrook, that it is desirable to open subscription lists for the procurement of funds, towards the unavoidable expense of carrying out the object in view.

Captain Cooper moved and Mr. Holbrook seconded that the aid of the inhabitants of British Columbia, irrespective of nationality, be solicited, with an united effort to render justice to the merits of the colony by creditably representing it at the exhibition with samples and specimens of its numerous and various resources.

Captain Luard moved and Mr. White seconded that the resolutions passed at this meeting be published in the local newspapers, and that a copy of them be forwarded to the magistrates in the towns of the Upper country.

Moved by Mr. Holbrook seconded by Mr. Robson that the thanks of this meeting be given to His Excellency the governor for his kindness in consenting to act as chairman.

A vote of thanks was then passed to Col. Moody for kindly consenting to act as Vice-President, also one to the Secretary, and the meeting separated.

ADDRESS TO HIS EXCELLENCY.

The following address was presented to His Excellency Governor Douglas, on Saturday last by our Municipal council:—

To His Excellency Governor Douglas, &c., &c., &c.

SIR,—We, the Municipal council of the city of New Westminster, beg leave to offer you as the representative of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen a most cordial and hearty welcome on your arrival in this city.

It is now about six months since your Excellency was pleased to try the experiment of establishing Municipal institutions in this colony; and it was felt peculiarly gratifying that this city should have been selected to test the practicability of the working of free institutions in the midst of a population so hastily thrown together, as they were in New Westminster. The members elect of the Municipal council believing that on them depended in a great measure the question whether we were a people fitted for representative institutions, or not, felt it doubly incumbent on them to unite economy with public utility, in the administration of their affairs, so that municipal institutions, which have worked with such happy results in other countries, might not receive any check in their infancy in this.

We thank you for the liberal grants made to us for the improvement of the city, the expenditure of which we trust has giving your Excellency every satisfaction.

We hope that the time has now arrived when your Excellency will take up your permanent abode amongst us, in order that you may have a better opportunity of becoming acquainted with the wants and wishes of the people.

We trust, from the many marks of encouragement and approval that we have received from your Excellency, that you are now well convinced of the ability of the people of this colony for self-government.

REPLY.

His Excellency gave a verbal reply to the above Address, in something like the following language:—

GENTLEMEN,—I thank you for the kind welcome you have given me on my arrival in British Columbia. I am very much pleased with the manner in which the small amount of money which has been placed at your disposal, has been expended; and the great amount of improvement which has been accomplished with such limited means. I would strongly recommend that all work under way be completed as early as possible. The time has now arrived when at least a portion of our city should be permanently graded and finished, and when your present means shall be expended I shall be happy to render you all the assistance in my power.

In regard to the establishment of Representative Government, it is not in my power to grant these institutions to this colony. But so soon as certain important Government matters, [some think annexation to Vancouver.—ED.] are decided upon, and the British [he probably means English.—ED.] element of the country is powerful enough, I shall use all my influence with the Home Government to have such institutions established.

After which several members of the council conversed with His Excellency upon various topics of importance; but owing to the crowd of matter this week we hope to be excused for not reporting these conversations.

The following petition from the inhabitants of Fort Hope has been sent us for insertion, and although crowded we make room for it:—

To His Excellency James Douglas, C. B., Governor general, &c., &c.

SIR,—We, the undersigned inhabitants of Hope beg respectfully to address your Excellency on the subject of the collection of road tax at Yale, off boats leaving Hope with cargoes of merchandise.

When your Excellency favored us with a visit last autumn it was represented to you, at a conference with several of our residents, that a large quantity of goods would be shipped hence at low water to Lytton, and that under the proposed system of collecting road tax, the Yale fund would receive credit for the tax on goods leaving Hope, and *vice versa* the property of parties residing therein. At the same time it was explained to your Excellency that in our opinion the tax on boats navigating the Kanyons and sustaining so much risk was unjust. Your Excellency, no doubt, well recollects that you then promised that, while all goods leaving Yale by any conveyance must pay the same tax, means should be taken for ascertaining what goods were shipped direct from Hope, and that the Hope fund should be credited with all the revenue collected therefrom. Acting under your Excellency's instructions, Mr. O'Reilly commenced collecting the tax on boats leaving Hope. We learn, however, that your Excellency has given orders that in future all payments must be made at Yale, and order which we trust your Excellency will revoke or modify so as to give the Hope fund the benefit of all revenues to which it is *bona fide* entitled.

We have the honor, &c., &c.,

Signed by fourteen of the inhabitants of Hope.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves legally responsible for anything which may appear under the above head. Communications, in order to insure insertion must be brief, of public importance and must be accompanied with the BONA FIDE *name of the author*

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR.—Having noticed an article in your paper of yesterday about the manner in which the mails for the Upper country are dispatched. The fact is, sir, the arrangements are worse than you stated them to be, that is as far as Douglas is concerned; for within the last three months the Douglas mail has been left five or six times at my house from two to six days before it went up.

There is a mail bag here now that came this morning which will perhaps lie here till the arrival of the next steamer from New Westminster; whereas the Express (Ballou's Sky rocket) is in Douglas by this time; but then Billy pays for travelling. I think the Postmaster ought to make some arrangement to send it direct, as I don't like to give the bags in charge of Indians going to Douglas, and I will not be responsible for their safety here.

Wishing you and the 'People's' mouthpiece success,

I remain Yours &c.,

JOHN F. GLINNON.

Halfway House, Harrison River.
February 22nd, 1851.

The following communication from Douglas came to hand too late for insertion in our last issue.

To the Editor of British Columbian.

SIR.—The people of this village have been anxiously waiting for over two months to see the official statement of moneys received for Tolls collected from goods leaving Douglas, Hope, and Yale, for the mining regions but as yet none has appeared.

We give the amounts taken from here by Jeffrey's express to New Westminster:—in Nov., $629.50; Dec. $1216.63; Jan., $997.34; Total, $2843.47 and had the Government had a good weighbridge there would have been 15 or 20 per cent. more.

The price of freight from here to Cayoosh is from 7½ to 9½ cts. per pound, and it is thought if the wagon road is completed this summer, that freight will not be more than 5 or 6 cts. to Cayoosh this fall. If such is the case it will put a stop to goods crossing from Oregon entirely, as they cannot be brought by that route and sold without a loss. The business of the Upper country will, therefore pass through Victoria and New Westminster.

The miners that have been wintering here are leaving every day for above, as the weather is warm and the snow all gone.

The steamers above here have reduced the fare to $1 each.

Flour is from 11 to 12½ cts per lb, at Cayoosh and other goods in proportion.

Several pack trains have already left for Quesnelle river.

The bridge across the Fraser near Cayoosh is nearly completed.

Yours &c.,

P. SMITH & Co.

Douglas, Feb. 18th, 1861.

To the Editor British Columbian.

SIR.—In your first issue I noticed a statement that the Justice of Port Douglas had collected the Tax of one half cent per pound on a load of manure for a garden. The tax is of itself outrageous—added to the $3. per ton on goods passing New Westminster—it makes the enormous sum of thirteen dollars on every ton of goods intended for farmer's use.

Another feature of it is that each mule leaving Douglas has to pack, in addition to their regular cargo, enough barley to feed it on the trip, as there is no grass on the road. It will average 60 cents to each mule. The duty on barley amounts to 30 per cent, on the cost. It is taken as freight at the rate of sixteen hundred pounds to the ton; consequently the $3. tonnage dues, and the half cent at Douglas makes a mule's dinner cost the same as a man's at a way-side inn. It is said the tax was imposed to pay the expenses in constructing the roads, but is the source of a large revenue for the amount invested, and I, for one, think the Treasurer acted wrongly in not loaning the Governor the £2000 for Vancouver Island; because he was willing to pay one per cent, interest, and I have no doubt but that if the money could not be paid, the Governor would have discovered some new tax for this colony to reimburse us, and with interest at the rate of 3 per cent per month. There is another tax I will call your attention to—the some dollar head money—levied (as was said) for a Hospital, where is it?

W.

New Westminster, 26th Feb., 1861.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR,—Last night an Indian arrived from the Shimilkomeen who reports that a difficulty occurred, and a fight took place between a party of Americans and Indians somewhere near Fort Colville, on the columbia. I could not learn the particular locality. The Indian stated that the Americans killed six Indians, three men and three women.

The trail between Hope and the Shimilkomeen is open for footmen.

H.

Fort Hope, Feb. 25th, 1861.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all absentee or non-resident holders of lots in this city, that unless they clear all logs, brush, or other inflamable matter from their lots, on or before the first day of May next, proceedings will be taken against such parties according to law.

By order of the Municipal Council.

VALENTINE HALL,
New Westminster, Feb. 25th, 1861. Town Clerk.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received until Monday the 4th March, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the following works, viz:—

For the construction of a roadway from the traveled road on Columbia-street, to the Church in Victoria Gardens.

Also for the clearing and grading a roadway on Agnes-street, east from Mary-street to Merivale-street.

Specifications can be seen or any other information obtained at the office of the undersigned.

VALENTINE HALL.
Town Clerk.

New Westminster, Feb. 12th, 1861.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Feb 20—str Caledonia, Frain, Victoria, general cargo.
20—canoe Uncle Sam, chinamen, Victoria, provisions.
20—canoe New Brunswick, Emery, Victoria, provisions.
20—canoe Lytton, Frayer, Victoria, provisions.
20—canoe Venture, Britnie, Victoria, provisions.
20—canoe Adventure, Anderson, Victoria, provisions.
20—canoe Ado, chinamen, Victoria, provisions.
24—str Flying Dutchman, Moore, Hope, Yale, and Douglas.
25—str Hope, Millard, Hope and Yale.
25—str Yale, Jamieson, Hope, and Yale.
Feb 21—str Otter, Mouat, Victoria, general cargo. 45 passengers.
Feb 26—canoe Louisiana, Morrel, Victoria, provisions.
26—schr H Page, Oberg, Victoria, bricks.
26—schr Nanaimo packet, Hall, Victoria, potatoes.
26—str Caledonia, Frain, Victoria, gen. car. 1 passenger.
27—canoe Blackhawk, Solbere, Victoria provisions.
27—canoe Langley, Gaudee, Victoria, provisions.
27—canoe Lib, White, Victoria, provisions.
27—str Maria, Irving, Hope and Yale.

DEPARTURES.

Feb 20—str Caledonia, Frain, Victoria.
21—str Otter, Mouat, Victoria.
23—str Yale, Jamieson, Hope and Yale.
23—str Hope, Millard Hope and Yale.
23—str Flying Dutchman, Moore, Hope, Yale, and Douglas.
Feb 23—str Maria, Irving, Hope, and Yale.
Feb 23—schr H Page, Oberg, Nanaimo.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 1, A. D., 1861.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Colony of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS, by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled an Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia,' and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances for the peace, order, and good government of the same,

And, whereas by the second section of the Proclamation issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, on the 4th day of January 1860, it was (amongst other things) provided that the piece of land therein authorized to be acquired by pre-emption, should be of a rectangular form and the shortest side of the rectangle should be at least two-thirds of the longest side.

And, whereas, it was also provided by the seventh section of the said Proclamation, that any person authorized to acquire land under the provisions of the said Proclamation, might purchase, in addition, any number of acres not otherwise appropriated.

And, whereas, it is expedient that land purchased under the provisions of the said Proclamation, should be of the same form as land acquired by pre-emption by virtue of the said Proclamation,

And, whereas, it is expedient that persons acquiring land, either by purchase or pre-emption, should, upon payment of the price for the land acquired, be enabled to obtain a conveyance thereof.

And, whereas, it is expedient to make further provision with regard to the form of land acquired under the provisions of the said Proclamation as well by pre-emption as purchase.

Now, therefore, I do declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:—

Lands purchased, as well as lands pre-empted shall be of rectangular shape, the shortest side being two-third the length of the longest side.

I. That land sought to be acquired, either by purchase or pre-emption, under the provisions of the said Proclamation of the 4th day of January, 1860, shall be of a rectangular form, and the shortest side of the said rectangle shall be two-thirds the length of the longest side, as provided in the said Proclamation, touching and sought to be acquired by pre-emption.

The boundaries shall be as nearly as may according to the cardinal points of the compass.

II. The boundaries of such land shall also run as nearly as possible by the cardinal points of the compass.

Natural boundaries may be taken in certain instances.

III. Where the land sought to be acquired is in whole or in part bounded by mountains, rocks, lakes, swamps, or the margin of a river, or by other natural boundaries; then such natural boundaries may be adopted as the boundaries of the land sought to be acquired, and in such case it shall be sufficient for the pre-emptor or purchaser to show to the satisfaction of the magistrate in the said Proclamation last mentioned, that the said form conforms, as nearly as circumstances permit, to the provisions of the said Proclamation.

When land is bounded by a purchased or pre-empted claim, the line of such claim may be adopted notwithstanding any irregularity in said line.

IV. If the land sought to be acquired be bounded by a purchased or pre-empted claim the line of such purchased or pre-empted claim may be adopted by the person so seeking to acquire, notwithstanding any irregularity in such line which may have been occasioned by the person's adoption of a natural boundary by the purchased or pre-empted claim.

Land, enclosed partially or entirely between two or more claims, and not exceeding 160 acres in area, may be purchased or pre-empted notwithstanding irregularity of form or disproportion in length of sides.

V. Where a piece of land not exceeding 160 acres in area is partially or entirely enclosed between two or more claims, the person seeking to pre-empt or purchase such enclosed piece notwithstanding any irregularity of form or disproportion in the length of any of the sides.

Sworn Surveyors.

VI. The Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works may, from time to time, appoint Sworn Surveyors to survey the pieces of land acquired under the provisions of the said recited Proclamation, and shall administer to them the oath set forth in the schedule hereto, and shall also require from each of them security to the value of £100 that they will well and efficiently survey such pieces of land as they may be required to survey.

Application for sworn survey may be made to Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works.

VII. Any person desirous of paying for any land acquired by him or her may apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to appoint a 'Sworn Surveyor' to survey the said land at the expense of the applicant.

Sworn Surveyor to make survey and report, on which a conveyance may be issued.

VIII. The said 'Sworn Surveyor' shall make an accurate survey of the said land, and report thereupon to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, and the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works may, if the title of the applicant be clear and undisputed, receive payment for the same land, and a conveyance may thereupon be issued to the applicant.

Sworn Surveyor may report on improvements.

IX. The report of a 'Sworn Surveyor' may also be received as evidence upon an application for a certificate of improvement.

Scale of remuneration.

X. The Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works may issue a scale of remuneration to be paid to the 'Sworn Surveyors.'

Short Title.

XI. This Proclamation may be cited for all purposes as the Pre-emption Amendment Act, 1861.

Issued under the Public Seal of said Colony at Victoria, Vancouver Island, this nineteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and in the Twenty-fourth year of Her Majesty's reign by me,

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's command.

WILLAM A. G. YOUNG,
Acting Colonial Secretary

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

SCHEDULE.

FORM OF OATH.

I, A. B. of——do hereby make oath that I will, whilst acting as Sworn Surveyor, make the surveys which I may be appointed to make by the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works in a true, faithful, and accurate manner, and will report in like manner the surveys so made.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 2, A. D., 1861.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Hunorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the session of Parliament, held in the 21st and 22nd years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled 'An Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia,' and by a commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said colony, and have been authorised by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said colony to make laws, institutions, and ordinances for the peace, order, and good government of the same,

And whereas, by a Proclamation issued under the Public Seal of the said colony, on the 4th day of January, 1860, the price of unsurveyed land acquired by purchase or pre-emption, under the provisions of the said Proclamation, was stated to be at such rate as might for the time being be fixed by the Government of British Columbia, not exceeding the sum of ten shillings per acre.

And whereas, by a Proclamation issued under the Public Seal of the said colony, on the 20th day of January, 1860, the price of agricultural land, surveyed by the Government Surveyor, which may or shall have been offered for sale at public auction and remain unsold, was fixed at ten shillings per acre payable one-half in cash at the time of sale, and the other half at the expiration of two years from the time of sale.

And whereas I have been empowered by Her Majesty's Government to lower the price of country lands in British Columbia, in all cases, to the sum of four shillings and two pence (4s. 2d.) per acre.

Now, therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:—

Repeal of so much of the Proclamation of the 20th January, 1860, as fixes the price of land in B. C. at 10s. per acre.

I. So much of the said Proclamation of the 20th day of January, 1860, as fixed the price of surveyed agricultural land at ten shillings per acre is hereby repealed.

Price of unsurveyed lands to be 4s. 2d. per acre.

II. The price of all unsurveyed country land in British Columbia, whether acquired by pre-emption or purchase under the Proclamation dated the 4th day of January, 1860, shall be four shillings and two pence (4s. 2d.) per acre.

Upset price of surveyed lands 4s. 2d. per acre.

III. The upset price of all country lands in British Columbia exposed for sale at public auction, shall be four shillings and two pence (4s. 2d.) per acre.

Short title.

IV. This Proclamation may be cited for all purposes as the 'Country Land Act, 1861.'

Issued under the Public Seal of the said colony at Victoria, Vancouver Island, the nineteenth day of January in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-one, and in the Twenty-fourth year of Her Majesty's Reign, by me,

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By command of His Excellency.

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG,
Acting Colonial Secretary,

HIBBEN & CARSWELL,
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.

RECEIVE additions by nearly every steamer to their present large stock of Books, embracing most of the Modern and Ancient authors in Poetry and Fiction, Mechanics, Agriculture, History, Biography, Religion, Law, Medicine, Sciences, Music, etc., etc.

—ALSO—

STAPLE AND FANCY STATIONERY,
consisting of
Blank Work, in great variety, Writing Papers and Materials, Printers' Stationery and Wrapping paper, Letter, Note, and Official Envelopes, Music and Music Paper, Drawing Books, and Instruments,

GOLD PENS AND POCKET CUTLERY,

STATIONERS' HALL,
40, YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

ELECTION NOTICE.

NEW WESTMINSTER MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

I HEREBY give notice that Mr. Leonard M'Clure a member of the New Westminster Council for Ward No. 3, having resigned,

An election will be held at the County Court House, New Westminster, to choose a councillor in his stead, agreeably to Section 20 of the New Westminster Municipal Act, 1850.

Nomination will take place at noon on Friday the 15th March, and Polling will commence at 11 o'clock, a. m., on the following day.

C. BREW, C. J. P.

RETREAT—NORTH CAMP.

FRED HOWSON & J. HILLIARD beg to return their sincere thanks to their old friends and traveling public for the patronage hitherto bestowed on them. Their saloon has been fitted up in a neat and comfortable manner, the best wines, ales, liquors, and cigars always on hand. fe21-1m

A PUBLIC DAY-SCHOOL

Is kept in the Wesleyan Church, Mary-street, by Miss WOODMAN.

Hours—10 to 12, a. m., and 2 to 4, p. m.

Tuition 50 cents per week. For music as per agreement.

There will be no school on Saturdays.

A CARD.

The subscriber respectfully intimates that he will be in New Westminster about the end of the present month, with a choice selection of Fruit Trees, Seeds, and Cabbage plants of his own growth, all of which will be sold low, and warranted good and true to kind.

Orders left at the office of the BRITISH COLUMBIAN or with Mr. Armstrong, merchant, will receive immediate attention. J. BEGG.

Balmoral Nursery, Salt Spring Island, Feb. 21, 1861.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE SHOP.

MARY-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY.

☞ Boots and Shoes made and repaired.
W. WOODMAN.
New Westminster Feb. 1861. fy 12-1m

FOR SALE.

5 casks Claret,
5 " White Wine,
Genuine and of good quality.
fe13-1m WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

A CARD.

WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK, wholesale dealer in Wines, Liquors, &c., Scott's Wharf, New Westminster.

☞ No drayage or wharfage on goods purchased for up river trade. fe13-tc

NOTICE.

HARRIS & Co., Butchers, Cattle dealers, &c., Queen's Market, Victoria, V. I., and Queen's Market, New Westminster, B. C.,

Are prepared to furnish Families, Hotels, and Traders in general, with all kinds of fresh meat and vegetables of the best quality, and at the lowest rates. Also will furnish parties residing in the upper country, say Langley, Hope, Yale, Douglas, &c., with all kinds of live stock. Orders received will be punctually attended to. fe13-tc

TO LEASE—Lots suitable for business purposes.
J. A. R. HOMER

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received up till 12 o'clock noon of Friday the 1st March, for the formation of a road from the termination of the present cutting to and along the shores of False Creek and English Bay, Burrard Inlet, for a distance not exceeding six (6) miles in length.

The commencement, general direction, and termination of the road to be approved by the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, or his agent.

The work to be finished on or before the 31st May, 1861.

Payment to be made of one-fifth in cash, and four-fifths in country land at the upset price ruling at the time of completion of the work.

For further particulars apply to this office between the hours of 10 and 12.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

The tenders to be sealed and docketed 'Tender for road to the outer Harbor of Burrard Inlet.'

By order of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. R. M. PARSONS,
Office of Lands and Works, } Captain, R. E.
New Westminster, Feb. 19, 1831.

NEW WESTMINSTER BOARDING HOUSE,
—BY—
WILLIAM CLARKSON,
On the corner of Mary and Columbia-streets,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Board $7.00 per week—Board and Lodging $10.00 per week.—Single Meals 50 cents.

Parties furnishing their own beds—Board and Lodging $8.50 per week.

Single or double rooms to let at from $5.00 to $12.50 per month, fe21-1y

NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED at the Colonial Book Store Shakespeare's complete works in 12 volumes. 12 volumes Chamber's Pocket Miscellany. Chamber's information for the people in 2 vols. Chambers cyclopedia of English Literature 2 vols. Catholic Prayer Books, &c., &c. S. T. TILLEY.

E. B. HOLT,
JOINER, CONTRACTOR, &c.
PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS
furnished, and work surveyed on reasonable terms.

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED.

Mountain Dew Whiskey, in cases of 1 doz. each
Sir R. Barnett's Old Tom Gin
China Sugao, No. 1
Black Tea, via London
Clothing, Scotch made, in suits, &c.
List cloth and Strouds
Corned Beef, in bbls. of 200 lbs
Timothy Hay, &c., &c.
W. E. CORMACK,
feb13-tc Opposite the Custom House.

S. E. CRAIN, M. D.,
Columbia-street, New Westminster, B. C.,
Importer of and Wholesale and Retail dealer in
DRUGS, MEDICINES, AND PERFUMERY,
ENGLISH, FRENCH, AND GERMAN CHEMICALS.
All genuine and valuable
PATENT MEDICINES,
FAMILY MEDICINES,
Direct from the manufactures, and which he will agree to supply to the trade at VICTORIA PRICES,
In quantities to suit at all times, with a light cost of importation added.
—ALSO—
in full supply, a large and select stock of
DRUGGISTS' ARTICLES,
Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Soap, Pomado, Hair Oils, Hair Dyes, Tablets, Hand Mirrors, Card Cases, etc., etc.,
All of which he will sell at
PRICES NEVER BEFORE OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

PIONEER SALOON.

MR. J. T. SCOTT has the pleasure of informing his old friends and the traveling public that he is still to be found at the old stand, corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample of his Wines, Ales, and Liquors, which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the colony.

RAMAGE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER, ETC.
Columbia-street, New Westminster.
A select assortment of fine English gold and silver Watches, from the best makers, always on hand.
Native gold-manufactured into rings, etc., on the shortest notice.
Watchwork carefully attended to with dispatch.

HY-YOU MUCK-A-MUCK !!!

J. HERKIMER offers for sale and keeps constantly on hand a lot of choice Oregon Hams, Bacon, Shoulders, Butter, Lard,
and a full assortment of
GROCERIES, AND OILMAN'S STORES,
which he will sell at the lowest cash price.
GARDEN SEEDS.—A choice lot of fresh garden seeds just received from England.

VALENTINE HALL,
CONVEYANCER, LAND AND GENERAL AGENT.
OFFICE—COLUMBIA-STREET,
New Westminster, B. C.

MAYER, REINHART, & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors, Ales, Cigars, Tobaccos, Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, and Caps,
Columbia-street, New Westminster.
In store and for sale
Flour, Bacon, Barley, Beans, Rice, China Sugar, S. I. Sugar, Lard, Candles, Soap, Pork, Hams, Wrought and Cut Nails, Boats' Oars,
&c., &c., &c.
Traders, Miners, Boatmen, and the public generally will find it to their advantage to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.
New Westminster, Feb. 13th, 1861.

S. E. CRAIN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
OFFICE—Opposite Colonial Restaurant, Columbia-street,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

INTERNATIONAL SALOON.
WHARF STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.
THE UNDERSIGNED having fitted up this saloon in a neat and comfortable manner, now offer to their friends and the public in general the choicest wines, liquors, and cigars.
Oysters in every style, prepared by an experienced hand.
feb13-tc OLIVER & BAILEY.

SKY ROCKET SALOON.
BEST WINES, Liquors, and Cigars constantly on hand.
GEORGE WILLIAMS,
Proprietor.

NEW WESTMINSTER BAKERY AND GENERAL PROVISION STORE.
THE SUBSCRIBER, in opening out his new premises would inform his customers and the public generally that he will keep constantly on hand, in addition to all kinds of Bread, Biscuit, and Pies, a large and complete stock of Family Groceries and Provisions, which he is prepared to sell very low. Also has on hand a large stock of the best Olympia and other brands of Flour, which he is prepared to wholesale as low as the same article can be imported.
N. B.—A number of first-class stores to let upon very reasonable terms to respectable parties.
PHILIP HICK.
Corner Columbia-st. and Lytton-square, New Westminster. } feb13-tc

FOR SALE.
50 cases Old Tom Gin,
20- " Sachem Bitters,
20 baskets Champaigne—E. Cliquot.
feb13-1m WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

FOR SALE AND TO ARRIVE.
200 bbls. Flour—Tumwater Mills, Olympia.
feb13-2w WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

THE UNDERSIGNED will be in receipt from Portland Oregon,
Hams, Lard, Bacon,
Butter, Oregon Cider, and other articles of Oregon produce, which will be sold at a small advance.
fe13-1m WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

THE UNDERSIGNED will constantly be supplied with all kinds of Liquors, Wines, Brandies, Cordials, Bitters, &c., &c., &c., in bulk and case, which will be sold at reasonable prices.
☞ All articles sold will be as represented.
fe13-2m WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

LEVI & BOAS,
CORNER OF LINERPOOL AND COLUMBIA STREETS,
NEW WETSMINSTER, B. C.
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
—IN—
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, DRY GOODS
BOOTS AND SHOES, HARDWARE, &c.,
CLOTHING, of every style and quality.
INDIA RUBBER GOODS, all kinds.
Hats, Caps, Wall Paper, Druggets, Carpets, Blankets, Crilling, Sheeting, Powder, Shot, Tobacco, Cigars, Matches, &c.
Commission Merchants, and are prepared to store 200 tons merchandise.
☞ Orders from any part of the country promptly attended to. jan12-1m

FELIX NEUFELDER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
CAYOOSH, B. C.
WILL pay particular attention to consignments of goods directed to his care. jan12-3m

LITTLE ACTS OF KINDNESS.

Little acts of kindness,
Trifling though they are,
How they serve to brighten
This dark world of care!
Little acts of kindness,
O, how potent they,
To dispel the shadows
Of life,s cloudy day.

Little acts of kindness,
How they cheer the heart!
What a word of gladness
Will a smile impart!
How a gentle accent
Calms the troubled soul,
When the waves of passion
O'er it wildly roll.

You may have around you
Sunshine, if you will,
Or a host of shadows,
Gloomy, dreary, chill.
If you want the sunshine,
Smile, though sad at heart;
To the poor and needy
Kindly aid impart.

To the soul-despairing
Breathe a hopeful word;
From your lips be only
Tones of kindness heard.
Even give for anger
Love and tenderness;
And in blessing others
You yourself will bless.

Little acts of kindness,
Nothing do they cost:
Yet when they are wanting
Life's best charm is lost.
Little acts of kindness,
Richest gems of earth,
Though they seem but trifles,
Priceless is their worth.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

PROGRESS OF SECESSION.

CONTINUED EXCITEMENT.

The arsenal at Catahouchee was seized by order of the government of Florida, on the pretext of the officer in command removing arms.

It is said that the Federal troops have abandoned all the forts on the Pensacola harbor except fort Pickens, where three hundred men are stationed.

Baton Rouge was surrendered to six hundred Louisiana troops, after a parley between Major Hawkins and the Governor.

At Norfolk, yesterday, a steamer took powder from the Federal Magazine and put to sea. Her destination was held a secret.

Letter writers say a difficulty has occurred between General Scott and Senator Toombs. At a dinner-party on the 10th, Toombs expressed a hope that the people of Charleston would sink the Star of the West. Scott asked if it was possible that as an American he could desire such an event? Toombs answered in the affirmative, and added 'Those who sent her should be with her.' A challenge passed between them.

John A. Dix is confirmed as Secretary of the Treasury.

It is rumored that Gen. W. O. Butler, of Kentucky, is Secretary of War.

Much remark is excited by the transfer of $800,000 in specie from the Sub-Treasury in New York to this city, without any sufficient reason being assigned. This unusual proceeding is not understood in financial circles, and the pretended explanations are by no means satisfactory.

A Washington correspondent says it is believed that South Carolina has agreed to yield the forts at Charleston harbor and other Government property, provided Major Anderson is ordered back to Fort Moultrie.

Judge Smalley, of the U. S. Circuit Court, in his charge to the Grand Jury to-day, declared South Carolina guilty of high treason.

It is believed that Major Anderson shot two mutineers last night at Fort Sumpter, and it is rumored that several more are in chains.

Resolutions have been unanimously passed in the South Carolina Legislature, declaring that any attempt by the Federal Government to reinforce Fort Sumpter will be regarded as an open act of hostility and a declaration of war; also approving of the act and promptness of the military in firing upon the 'Star of the West,' and promising to support the Government in all measures for defence.

The Legislature also passed a resolution to fire 15 rounds in honor of each seceding State. New military companies are pouring in from all portions of the State. The Governor has sent a message to the House of Representatives devising plans for guarding the coast, and for the purpose of purchasing three steam propellors of light draught—one to be stationed at Charleston, one at Beaufort, and one at Georgetown.

Also to fortify all inlets and mouths of the rivers with ordnance and redoubts—the boats to keep a constant communication between them, as a protection against submarine invasion. Governor Pickens sent an aid to Fort Sumpter at 4 o'clock, with despatches to Major Anderson.

The *Tribune's* Washington correspondent asserts that a piratical expedition is fitting out in that city to seize the California steamers. A steamer has already been chartered in New Orleans to proceed to the Isthmus and await the departure of the steamer from Aspinwall, when, hoisting the Palmetto flag, she will seize the steamers as prizes to South Carolina.

Personal friends of the President say it is absolutely decided not to reinforce Fort Sumpter, because sending more troops there would tend to produce irritation, etc.

A telegram was received from Governor Moore by Senators Fitzpatrick and Clark, saying that the ordinance of secession, unconditional and immediate, had passed.

F. B. Wells, master of the sloop-of-war Brooklyn, again tendered his resignation last night, and will immediately go South.

Mr. Love, of Georgia, and Mr. Hamilton of Texas, unite on something like the Crittenden basis.

The opinion is almost unanimous in secession circles that all collisions for the present should be studiously avoided.

The collector at Mobile has refused to honor the drafts from the Federal Government until he has orders from the Governor of Alabama.

EUROPE.

Dates from Europe are to Dec. 30.

The bullion in the Bank of England had decreased £533,000, and the money market was decidedly more stringent, with a pressing demand. Consols closed on the 28th, at 92¾ to 92½, ex. div., for account; and on the 29th at the same rate, but prices were firmer. I. C. shares, Saturday, 28¼; Erie 34½; N. Y. C. 76 to 80.

Nothing of moment was transpiring in the political world at the latest dates.

The iron-plated ship-of-war Warrior was successfully launched on the 29th of December.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Herald* says, that the warlike preparations of France are on a larger scale than at the same period of 1858.

The *Times* correspondent at Vienna, was confident that nothing but brute force could induce the Austrian Government to quit the Quadrilateral. There was a report that England and France had come to an understanding in regard to Venetia, urging the cession of Venetia without territorial recompense.

It was stated that Austria had opened negociations with Rome for the complete abolition of the Concordat.

Accounts from Hungary were very unsatisfactory. No taxes were being paid.

CHINA.

From the arrival of the ship Moonlight at San Francisco, the *Morning Call*, of the 1st inst. gleans the following:—

One and a quarter million of dollars had been paid to British merchants by the Chinese for their losses in Canton,

A decree of the Emperor of China, confirming the convention and the Treaty of Tien-tsin, has been posted on the walls and public buildings of Shanghae. The first instalment of indemnity has been paid up.

Nearly all the Allied troops had left the Peiho and its neighborhood. The hired transports had been discharged, the forces were returning to Hongkong and India, and war was at an end.

A party of European pirates who had been committing depredations near Shanghea had been captured.

The Yang-taze had been thrown open to trade, not waiting, as the treaty stipulates, for the rebels to be subdued. The rebellion on that river gets worse. The insurgents avoid attacking Shanghea, but are absorbing the resources of trade, whilst the excesses of the Mandarin soldiery were revolting.

BRITISH COLUMBIA VS. CALIFORNIA.

In 1858 the greatest monthly shipment of gold from British Columbia was $235,000 and the least was about £6000, and the total product of the gold mines for that year was estimated at $1,494,241 (*vide* Gazette, April 19th, 1859). From data before me I believe the amount mined in 1859 to have been about $2,000,000; but to be moderate, assume the products of the two years at $3,000,000; the number of miners actually at work at any time in the country cannot have exceeded 3000, as the mining licences show (Gazette, June 9th, 1859, estimates them at 2000); which gives the miner's average annual earning at £100, as I before stated.

In California the average earnings are about half as much, but the country is open and accessible, and therefore the means of living and creature-comforts much more plentiful, which leads the miner to prefer it far to British Columbia, notwithstanding the higher pay in the latter.

To make this clear, I estimate the working miners of California now at 200,000, and shall give the data on which I do so. The 'Price Current' of December 31st, 1854, when the population of California was, in round numbers, 300,000, estimated the numbers of miners then in the State at 80,000 to 100,000; since then the population of the State has been increased chiefly by immigration, at the rate of 30,000 to 40,000 per annum, principally from the laboring classes, and is now not far short of 600,000, two-thirds of whom are estimated by Mr Greely to be able-bodied men. On these grounds I am safe in putting down the number of miners as above stated.

The yield of these mines is now, with tolerable regularity, $50,000,000 annually; and this will show that the British Columbian gold fields, however inaccessible, are twice as profitable to the miner, as the California gold fields are.

In stating the average of the latter, as I have done, at £50 per man per annum, it may be objected, that they cannot live, finding tools, quicksilver, mules, clothes, &c., on so little; to this I reply that 40,000 or 50,000 of their number realise a mere subsistence from mining, and are therefore ready, on the vagruest rumor and the shortest notice, to start for Victoria, Denver, Sonora, or the south, with a view to participate in the profits of any enterprise that may offer.

The surface diggings of California are now considerably exhausted, and the yield of the mines less by nearly $9,000,000, than it was in 1853, while the population has been all along rapidly increasing. Additional force is given to the statement that the surface mines are partially exhausted, by the fact, that while the annual yield of gold is on the decline, quartz mills are now numerous, and quartz companies far more successful than heretofore.—*Extract from Pemberton's Vancouver Island and British Columbia.*

VALENTINE HALL,

CONVEYANCER, LAND AND GENERAL AGENT.

OFFICE—COLUMBIA-STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

MAYER, REINHART, & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Cigars, Tobaccos, Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, and Caps,

Columbia-street, New Westminster.

In store and for sale
Flour, Bacon, Barley, Beans, Rice, China Sugar, S. I. Sugar, Lard, Candles, Soap, Pork, Hams, Wrought and Cut Nails, Boats' Oars, &c., &c.

Traders, Miners, Boatmen, and the public generally will find it to their advantage to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

New Westminster, Feb. 13th, 1861.

S. E. CRAIN, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

OFFICE—Opposite Colonial Restaurant, Columbia-street,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

INTERNATIONAL SALOON.

WHARF STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

THE UNDERSIGNED having fitted up this saloon in a neat and comfortable manner, now offer to their friends and the public in general the choicest wines, liquors, and cigars.

Oysters in every style, prepared by an experienced hand.

feb13-tc OLIVER & BAILEY.

SKY ROCKET SALOON.

BEST WINES, Liquors, and Cigars constantly on hand.

GEORGE WILLIAMS,
Proprietor.

NEW WESTMINSTER BAKERY AND GENERAL PROVISION STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in opening out his new premises would inform his customers and the public generally that he will keep constantly on hand, in addition to all kinds of Bread, Biscuit, and Pies, a large and complete stock of Family Groceries and Provisions, which he is prepared to sell very low. Also has on hand a large stock of the best Olympia and other brands of Flour, which he is prepared to wholesale as low as the same article can be imported.

N. B.—A number of first-class stores to let upon very reasonable terms to respectable parties.

PHILIP HICK.

Corner Columbia-st. and Lytton-square, New Westminster. feb13-tc

BALLOU'S EXPRESS,

CONNECTING WELLS, FARGO, & CO. AT VICTORIA;

CONVEYS letters, parcels, packages, and treasure
To all points on Fraser River and the Lakes;
To Shimilkomeen and Rock Creek, weekly;
To Alexander, Quesnelle River, and Carriboo;
Does a General Commission Business;
Makes Collections;
Makes advances on Merchandise;
Makes advances for Duties, (limited time);

INSURES TREASURE;

Will Forward or Store in Bond all kinds of merchandise—act as General Agent for Shippers, &c., &c., &c.

Office on Liverpool-street, New Westminster, and with Wells, Fargo, & Co., Victoria.

GEORGE FRYE, Agent,
New Westminster.

TEAMING.

ORDERS left at my store will receive prompt attention. Charges moderate.

J. HERKIMER.

SETH T. TILLEY,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

COLUMBIA-STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

Has on hand, and is receiving by every steamer, an assortment of
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN NOVELS,
Bound books of Poetry, Fiction, and Standard works, a large assortment of Bibles, Wesleyan Hymn Books, and English Prayer Books.
ALSO
a large assortment of Blank cards, Visiting cards and printer's blank foolscap, Letter paper of all descriptions, Note paper of every size and quality, a great variety of Blank Books, Memorandums, Pass and cargo books and diaries for 1861, and almost every article in the Book and Stationery line.

The latest Newspapers of the day are received from England and United States. They can also be obtained from almost any part of the world if required.

Arrangements are also made to get papers from Canada and other Eastern provinces by every mail. Any periodical published in Great Britain or America can be had by leaving an order at the Book store of

SETH T. TILLEY.

New Westminster, Feb, 12th 1861. 1m

BOOKS! BOOKS!! BOOKS!!!

Now opening at

HIBBEN & CARSWELL'S

a splendid assortment of

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

comprising

A Larger Number of Volumes, and upon a greater variety of subjects, than has ever yet appeared in this market.

Those interested are respectfully invited to call and feast their eyes to their heart's content—Gratis—

STATIONERS' HALL.

FOR SALE:

50 cases Old Tom Gin,
20 " Sachem Bitters,
20 baskets Champaigne—E. Cliquot.

feb13-1m WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

FOR SALE AND TO ARRIVE.

200 bbls. Flour—Tumwater Mills, Olympia.

feb13-2w WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

THE UNDERSIGNED will be in receipt from Portland Oregon,
Hams, Lard, Bacon,
Butter, Oregon Cider, and other articles of Oregon produce, which will be sold at a small advance.

fe13-1m WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

THE UNDERSIGNED will constantly be supplied with all kinds of Liquors, Wines, Brandies, Cordials, Bitters, &c., &c., &c., in bulk and case, which will be sold at reasonable prices.

☞ All articles sold will be as represented.

fe13-2m WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

LEVI & BOAS,

CORNER OF LIVERPOOL AND COLUMBIA STREETS,

NEW WETSMINSTER, B. C.

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

—IN—

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, DRY GOODS

BOOTS AND SHOES, HARDWARE, &c.,

CLOTHING, of every style and quality.
INDIA RUBBER GOODS, all kinds.
Hats, Caps, Wall Paper, Druggets, Carpets, Blankets, Crilling, Sheeting, Powder, Shot, Tobacco, Cigars, Matches, &c.

Commission Merchants, and are prepared to store 200 tons merchandise.

☞ Orders from any part of the country promptly attended to. jan12-1m

STATIONERY!

STAPLE AND FANCY BLANK WORK, Printing, School, and Law Stationery.

A beautiful assortment of

GOLD PENS AND FINE POCKET CUTLERY,

with all the recent improvements in styles and patterns.

Mathematical instruments, Water Colors, Portfolios, Checker-Boards, Chess, Dominoes, etc., etc.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL.
dec22-1m Stationers' Hall.

SEED WHEAT.

THOMAS PATTRICK, & Co., have some choice lots of Seed Wheat on hand from Australia, Mexico, the Mediterranean, and Van Dieman's Land.

Farmers are invited to inspect samples.

For Sale by

THOMAS PATTRICK & Co.,
Corner Government and Johnson streets, Victoria.

m21-1m

FELIX NEUFELDER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

CAYOOSH, B. C.

WILL pay particular attention to consignments of goods directed to his care. jan12-3m

LUMBER.

CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER,

—ALSO—

DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER.

New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861.

PIONEER FRUIT STORE.

SOKOLOSKY & LEWIN beg leave to inform the public that they keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Oregon fruits, confectionaries, cigars, tobaccos, pipes, toys, Yankee notions, &c.

Also,—a complete assortment of Family Groceries.

N. B.—They are prepared to wholesale cigars and tobaccos, to which they call the attention of the up-river trade. feb14-1m

HENRY HOLBROOK,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Liverpool Wharf, Columbia-street, New Westminster, British Columbia.

WHARFAGE on all goods landed at his wharf will be at the rate of 25 cents per ton, such being one-half the rate fixed by government.

BONDED and FREE STORAGE ready for 500 tons of goods.

For Sale ex recent arrivals—
50 sacks Bran,
1500 sacks Barley,
50 sacks Wheat,
100 half-sacks Baker's Extra superfine Flour, Pacific Mills,
20 sacks Beans,
10 kegs Butter,
20 cases Pilot Bread,
5 do Soda do
10 cases Starch,
5 5-gallon kegs Syrup,
10 coils Baling Rope,
100 gallons China Oil,
100 kegs Paints and boiled Linseed Oil.

Wall Paper, &c., &c., and a general assortment of goods suitable for the market. ja26-3m

WEBSTER & CO.,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Leather, and Findings, of every description.

Also—Ladies' Shoes of all kinds. mh17-3m

COALS! COALS! COALS!!!

DIRECT FROM NANAIMO in any quantity to suit purchasers. For Sale by

J. T. SCOTT,
all-tc Pioneer Wharf.

MAYER, REINHART, & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

HAVING concluded arrangements for a regular line of vessels, to run twice a month direct, from San Francisc to this place, would be please1 to receive orders for British Columbia.

Letters addressed to us in care of Messrs. Mayer, Reinhart, & Co., Victoria, V. I., John Dewar, and O. H. Gehricke, San Francisco, Ca., will meet with prompt attention.

m21-1m

J. A. WEBSTER,

HAS JUST RECEIVED, and will receive by every steamer, a large and varied assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN DRY GOODS,

consisting of

English Domestic Goods, English Dress Goods, Hosiery and Gloves, Woollen and Merino Under garments, Plaids, Scarfs, and Mufflers, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Handkerchiefs, English Baltic Shirts (assorted colors), Towels and Towelling, Haberdashery, &c., &c., &c.

A splendid lot of

CLOTHING,

MADE IN THE LATEST LONDON AND NEW YORK FASHION

comprising

Fine Black Dress Coats, Fine Black Frock Coats
Fine Black Sack Coats, Business Coats,
Raglans, Shooting Jackets,
Riding Jackets, Extra Fine Overcoats,
Extra Heavy Overcoats, Fine Black Pants,
Fine Cassimere Pants, English Doeskin Pants,
English Tweed Pants, Scotch Tweed Pants,
Plain and Sporting Vests
Plush "
Velvet "
Satin "
Cassimere "
Tweed "

HATS AND CAPS IN GREAT VARIETY.

—ALSO—

An extensive assortment of

Fine Water-proof Calf Dress Boots, Fine Water-proof Double-soled Calf Dress Boots, English Balmorals, English Water Tights, English Napoleon Riding Boots, English Shooting Boots, English Water-proof Leggings, India Rubber Boots and Shoes, Good English Mining Boots, Heavy Napoleon Nailed Boots, Heavy English Kip Boots.

A full assortment of

LADIES' BOOTS AND GAITERS,

among which will be found

Ladies' English Prunella Gaiters,
" English Double Sole Calf Gaiters,
" " Kid Gaiters,
" " Dancing Slippers,
" Leather and Carpet Slippers,
" India Rubber Over Shoes.

—ALSO—

Children's English Balmorals,
" " Kip Boots,
" " Anklets,
" " Bootees.

☞ Please call and examine.

J. A. WEBSTER,
Columbia-street, New Westminster.

dec22-1m

COLONIAL HOTEL,

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

PROSPER & FRANK GRELLEY, would respectfully inform the public that they have just opened their NEW HOTEL, and are ready to accommodate travellers or residents of New Westminster with the choicest eatables the market affords. The sleeping apartments are fitted up in a style that neither Vancouver Island nor British Columbia can excel, and the wines and liqueurs, while enumerating all that a first-rate hotel should boast of, are of the very best and finest description.

Private dining rooms can be always obtained, dinners, &c., gotten up on the shortest notice. 3m m9d

FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED

AT THE STORE OF A. R. GREEN, near the Steam Navigation Company's Wharf, West end of New Westminster, the following English goods, viz:—

Blankets, white, red, and blue.
Strouds, red, and Green.
Blue List Cloth.
Linsey-Woollens.
Drillings, stout Norway:
Coats, Oxonian, Paletots, and Reefing Jackets.
Shirts, fine striped.
Resist Shawls.
Ankle Boots, stout,
India Rubber Goods, an assortment, including Air Beds.
Hardware, a few articles.
Tea, Imperial and Oolong:
Whisky, Islay, Glenlivet, Campleton, and Old Irish malt, in cases of one dozen each.
Brandy, Hennessy, Martell, Bellamy, and Ginger, in cases of one dozen each.

Rum, Jamaica, in casks and cases			1 doz. each.
Geneva,	do	do	do
Old Tom, Swaine, Boord & Co.,		do	do
Port Wine, Sandeman's,		do	do
Sherry, in casks,		do	do
Porter, London, pints,		do	4 doz. each.
Porter, London Stout, in quarts,			do

Jams, in cases of 2 dozen each.
Pie Fruits, in cases of 3 dozen each.

—ALSO—

Oil, for machinery and burning.
Tobacco, Twist, Oronoko, and Plug.
Corn Meal, in bbls.
Biscuit, &c., &c., &c.

W. E. CORMACK.

W. J. ARMSTRONG & BRO'R,

(opposite Liverpool Wharf,)

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, HARDWARE, AND CROCKERYWARE,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED and offer for sale,
200 bbls Extra Superfine Oregon Flour,
50 boxes P. T. Pilot Bread,
4000 lbs Oregon and Eastern Bacon,
200 mats China No. 1 Rice,
2 bbls Carolina do
100 mats China Sugar,
50 bbls Sandwich Island do
50 mats do do
30 bbls Crushed do
5 do Powdered do
20 8-gallon kegs Boston Honey Syrup,
20 5-gallon do do
20 cases Chartres Coffee,
20 firkins Isthmus Butter,
15 do Goshen, do
20 boxes Adamantine Candles,
30 do Hill & Fay's Soap,
15 chests best Green and Black Teas.

Also Billings' and Barber's Hams, Pork, Salmon, Codfish, Crockery, and Glassware of every description, Cross-cut saws, Buck saws, Axes, Hatchets, Steel Squares, Carpenters' Bench Screws, Locks, Butts, Iron Screws, Dog Chains, Oil Stones, Paints, Oils, Putties, and Farming Implements—in short, anything and everything. jan19-3m

MAYER, REINHART, & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND IMPORTERS OF

WINES, LIQUORS, ALES, AND CIGARS

Liverpool Wharf

NEW WESTMINSTER,

BEG TO INFORM Traders and Miners, and the public generally, that they now have on hand a large STOCK OF

ASSORTED MERCHANDISE,

suitable for

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

They will hereafter receive all their goods direct from San Francisco,
and be enabled to sell at VICTORIA PRICES.

For sale, Pork, Bacon, Hams, Lard, Soap, Candles, Cheese, Coffee, Teas, N. O. and S. I. Sugars, Powdered and Crushed Sugars, Boston Syrups, Assorted Syrups, Hunt's and Collins' Axes, Wrought and Cut Nails, Powder, shot, and Percussion Caps, Pitch and Tar, all sizes of Rope, and Boats' Oars.

A LARGE

ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Tobacco, Cigars, Stationery, Perfumery, Duck, Drilling Dry, Fancy, and Millinery Goods.

—also—

A large variety of Ribbons, Bonnet, and Dress Trimmings, Musical Instruments, Table and Pocket Cutlery Paints, Oils, and Dye-stuffs,

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS,

CARPETS, DRUGGETS MATTING, &c., &c.

m21-1m

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

GOVERNMENT ASSAY OFFICE,

NEW WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

September 1st, 1860.

ASSAYS OF GOLD BULLION are made on the following terms, and under the following conditions:—

1. A receipt will be given to the Depositor for the exact gross weight of his deposit.

2. The resulting ingot will be delivered to any party returning the aforesaid receipt, whether the Depositor or any one else, and the party returning the receipt will be required to cancel it by his signature at the time of receiving the ingot.

3. Each ingot will be stamped with its *number*, corresponding to its number in the official records, with its *weight*, in ounces and decimals of ounces, and its *fineness* in thousandths; also with a Government igher, at present a crown over the letters VR.

4. With each ingot will be given a certificate, signed by a Government officer, of the weight of the deposit before melting; its weight after; the fineness, the charge for assaying; and such certificate will have tables of British Mint valuation and of the latest San Francisco valuations, whereby parties may calculate for themselves the value of the bar for English or American markets.

5. For all bars not exceeding 50 ounces in weight, a charge of seven shillings and six pence (7s. 6d.) sterling will be made, and for every additional 10 ounces a fraction of same, one shilling and six pence (1s. 6d.).

All clips are retained in the Government Assay office; but on bars not exceeding 10 ounces in weight, allowance will be made off the assay charge, for the value of the clip.

ASSAYS OF ORES are made at the charge of One Pound (£1.) for each specimen experimented upon.

FOR A COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF ANY MINERAL, Two Pounds (£2.) is the charge.

W. DRISCOL GOSSETT.

H. WATERS, TINSMITH, &c.,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

INFORMS the Traders and Miners of Fraser River that he is now prepared to furnish all kinds of camping utensils, in Tin, Iron, and Copper, fit for Miners and Family use.

Also, Gutters and Leaders.

Job Work promptly attended to a43m

Printed and published every Thursday by JOHN ROBSON at the office, Columbia-street, New Westminster, in the Colony of British Columbia.